

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Show your work.

1. Expand each expression and simplify

a)  $3a^2b^3(5a^3b^5c^2)$

$$15a^5b^8c^2$$

b)  $(r-2)(r+9)$

$$= r(r) + r(9) - 2(r) - 2(9)$$

$$= r^2 + 9r - 2r - 18$$

$$= r^2 + 7r - 18$$

c)  $(y-3)(y+7)$

$$= y(y) + y(7) - 3(y) - 3(7)$$

$$= y^2 + 7y - 3y - 21$$

$$= y^2 + 4y - 21$$

d)  $(11+f)(6-f)$

$$= 11(6) + 11(-f) + f(6) + f(-f)$$

$$= 66 - 11f + 6f - f^2$$

$$= -f^2 - 5f + 66$$

e)  $2(2x-3y)(4x+7y)$

$$= 2[2x(4x) + 2x(7y) - 3y(4x) - 3y(7y)]$$

$$= 2[8x^2 + 14xy - 12xy - 21y^2]$$

$$= 2[8x^2 + 2xy - 21y^2]$$

$$= 16x^2 + 4xy - 42y^2$$

f)  $(2x+9)(3x-2)$

$$= 2x(3x) + 2x(-2) + 9(3x) + 9(-2)$$

$$= 6x^2 - 4x + 27x - 18$$

$$= 6x^2 + 23x - 18$$

g)  $(3x+4)^2$

$$= (3x+4)(3x+4)$$

$$= 3x(3x) + 3x(4) + 4(3x) + 4(4)$$

$$= 9x^2 + 12x + 12x + 16$$

$$= 9x^2 + 24x + 16$$

h)  $(2x-5)^2$

$$= (2x-5)(2x-5)$$

$$= 2x(2x) + 2x(-5) - 5(2x) - 5(-5)$$

$$= 4x^2 - 10x - 10x + 25$$

$$= 4x^2 - 20x + 25$$

$$i) x + 2(x^2 - 3x + 2)$$

$$= x + 2(x^2) + 2(-3x) + 2(2)$$

$$= x + 2x^2 - 6x + 4$$

$$= 2x^2 - 5x + 4$$

$$j) 5 - 4y(6 + 4y - 2y^2)$$

$$= 5 - 4y(6) - 4y(4y) - 4y(2y^2)$$

$$= 5 - 24y - 16y^2 + 8y^3$$

$$= 8y^3 - 16y^2 - 24y + 5$$

$$k) (5x + 1)(4x + 2) + 2(x - 5)(2x - 1)$$

$$= 5x(4x) + 5x(2) + 1(4x) + 1(2) + (2(x) + 2(-5))(2x - 1)$$

$$= 20x^2 + 10x + 4x + 2 + (2x - 10)(2x - 1)$$

$$= 20x^2 + 14x + 2 + 2x(2x) + 2x(-1) - 10(2x) - 10(-1)$$

$$= 20x^2 + 14x + 2 + 4x^2 - 2x - 20x + 10$$

$$= 24x^2 - 8x + 12$$

$$l) (6x - 2)(4x + 2) - (x + 7)^2$$

$$= (6x - 2)(4x + 2) - (x + 7)(x + 7)$$

$$= 6x(4x) + 6x(2) - 2(4x) - 2(2) - [x(x) + x(7) + 7(x) + 7(7)]$$

$$= 24x^2 + 12x - 8x - 4 - [x^2 + 7x + 7x + 49]$$

$$= 24x^2 + 4x - 4 - x^2 - 14x - 49$$

$$= 23x^2 - 10x - 53$$

2. Find the error(s) in the multiplication. Write the correct solution.

$$(3g^2 + 4g - 2)(-g^2 - g + 4)$$

$$= -3g^4 - 3g^3 + 12g^2 - 4g^3 + 4g^2 + 8g + 2g^2 + 2g + 8$$

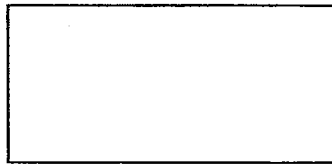
$$= -3g^4 + 5g^3 + 6g^2 + 10g + 8$$

$$= -3g^4 - 3g^3 + 12g^2 - 4g^3 - 4g^2 + 16g + 2g^2 + 2g - 8$$

$$= -3g^4 - 7g^3 + 10g^2 + 18g - 8$$

3. Determine the area of the rectangle

$$\text{Area} = (\text{length})(\text{width})$$



$2x - 3$   
length

$x + 5$   
width

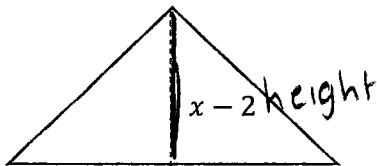
$$\text{Area} = (2x - 3)(x + 5)$$

$$\text{Area} = 2x^2 + 10x - 3x - 15$$

$$\text{Area} = 2x^2 + 7x - 15$$

4. Determine the area of the triangle

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}(\text{base})(\text{height})$$



$4x - 6$   
base

$x - 2$  height

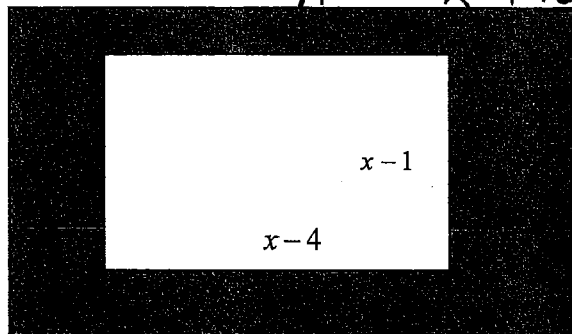
$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}(4x - 6)(x - 2)$$

$$= (2x - 3)(x - 2)$$

$$= 2x^2 - 4x - 3x + 6$$

$$= 2x^2 - 7x + 6$$

5. Each figure is a rectangle. Find a polynomial that represents the shaded area.



$2x + 7$

$$A = (2x + 7)(x + 5) - (x - 4)(x - 1)$$

$$A = 2x^2 + 10x + 7x + 35 - (x^2 - x - 4x + 4)$$

$$A = 2x^2 + 17x + 35 - (x^2 - 5x + 4)$$

$$A = 2x^2 + 17x + 35 - x^2 + 5x - 4$$

$$A = x^2 + 22x + 31$$