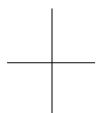
Chapter 4 (4.1 – 4.3)

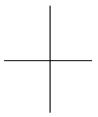
Trigonometry and the Unit Circle Assignment

1. Draw each angle in standard position. State the quadrant that the terminal arm lies in and find the measure of 2 coterminal angles.





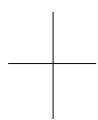
b)
$$-70^{\circ}$$



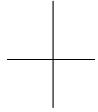
Coterminal: _____

Coterminal :_____





d) 4.5



Coterminal: _____

Coterminal :_____

2. Change each radian measure into degrees. (Round to 2 decimal places).

a)
$$\frac{5\pi}{8}$$

b) 2.7

3. Change each degree measure into radians. (Exact values)

b)
$$310^{\circ}$$

6. A circle as central angle of 35° and a radius of 7ft. Find the arclength of the sector.

7. The point $\left(-\frac{2}{3},y\right)$ lies on the unit circle. Find the value of y if the point is in quadrant III.

8. Find all points on the unit circle that have an x-coordinate of $x = \frac{3}{7}$.

9. The point P(x,y) is located where the terminal arm of angle θ and the **unit circle** intersect. Determine the coordinates of point P if:

a)
$$\theta = 210^{\circ}$$

b)
$$\theta = \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

10. The point P(x,y) is located on the terminal arm of angle θ . Determine possible coordinates of point P if :

b)
$$\theta = 270^{\circ}$$

b)
$$\theta = \frac{5\pi}{6}$$

11. Identify a measure for θ in the interval $0 \le \theta \le 2\pi$ given the point. Answer must be in radians.

a)
$$(-1,0)$$

b)
$$\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

c)
$$\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2},\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

d)
$$\left(1,-\sqrt{3}\right)$$

12. The point (-4,7) is on the terminal arm of angle θ . Draw the angle and find all six trig ratios for the angle. (Use exact values)

- 13. Determine the exact value of each of the following. (Use special triangles to evaluate)
 - a) $\sin \frac{7\pi}{6}$

b) $\sec \frac{3\pi}{4}$

c) $\csc \frac{7\pi}{4}$

d) cot60°