## Exercise 7.1 (part 2)

1. Write the first four terms of the arithmetic sequence that has the values shown.
a) $t_{1}=-18$ et $d=7$
b) $t_{1}=21$ et $d=-12$
2. For each sequence, determines the terms indicated.
a) $12,16,20 \ldots ; t_{18}$ et $t_{41}$
b) $5,-1,-7 \ldots$; $t_{n}$ et $t_{30}$
3. Determine the number of terms in the sequence.
a) $10,15,20, \ldots, 250$
b) $-11,-7,-3, \ldots, 153$
4. The first two terms of the arithmetic sequence are 5 and -3 .
a) Determine the $17^{\text {th }}$ term of the sequence.
b) Determine which term has a value of -267.
5. The $3^{\text {th }}$ term of the arithmetic sequence is 24 and the $9^{\text {th }}$ term is 54 . Determine:
a) $d$
b) $t_{1}$
c) $t_{n}$
6. The $2^{\text {nd }}$ term of the arithmetic sequence is 12 and the $13^{\text {th }}$ term is -21 . Determine:
a) $d$
b) $t_{1}$
c) $t_{n}$
7. The $8^{\text {th }}$ term of the arithmetic sequence is 5.3 and the $14^{\text {th }}$ term is 8.3 . Determine the value of the $5^{\text {th }}$ term of the sequence.
8. The expressions $5 x+2,7 x-4$, and $10 x+6$ are consecutive terms of an arithmetic sequence. Determine the value of $x$ and the value of the three terms.
